Forklift Mast Chain

Mast Chains - Leaf Chains comprise several applications and are regulated by ANSI. They are meant for low-speed pulling, for tension linkage and forklift masts, and as balancers between counterweight and head in certain machine devices. Leaf chains are at times likewise known as Balance Chains.

Features and Construction

Leaf chains are actually steel chains utilizing a simple link plate and pin construction. The chain number refers to the lacing of the links and the pitch. The chains have certain features such as high tensile strength for every section area, which enables the design of smaller devices. There are B- and A+ type chains in this particular series and both the BL6 and AL6 Series contain the same pitch as RS60. Lastly, these chains cannot be powered using sprockets.

Handling and Selection

Comparably, in roller chains, all of the link plates maintain higher fatigue resistance because of the compressive stress of press fits, whereas in leaf chains, just two outer plates are press fit. The tensile strength of leaf chains is high and the most allowable tension is low. Whenever handling leaf chains it is vital to consult the manufacturer's guidebook to be able to guarantee the safety factor is outlined and utilize safety guards always. It is a great idea to carry out utmost caution and utilize extra safety measures in applications where the consequences of chain failure are serious.

Utilizing much more plates in the lacing results in the higher tensile strength. As this does not enhance the maximum acceptable tension directly, the number of plates utilized can be restricted. The chains need regular lubrication for the reason that the pins link directly on the plates, generating a very high bearing pressure. Making use of a SAE 30 or 40 machine oil is normally advised for the majority of applications. If the chain is cycled more than 1000 times in a day or if the chain speed is over 30m per minute, it will wear extremely fast, even with continual lubrication. Thus, in either of these conditions using RS Roller Chains would be much more suitable.

The AL-type of chains must just be utilized under particular situations like if wear is really not a huge problem, when there are no shock loads, the number of cycles does not go over a hundred daily. The BL-type will be better suited under other situations.

The stress load in parts will become higher if a chain utilizing a lower safety factor is selected. If the chain is even used among corrosive situations, it could easily fatigue and break really quick. Performing frequent maintenance is vital when operating under these types of situations.

The outer link or inner link kind of end link on the chain will determine the shape of the clevis. Clevis connectors or Clevis pins are made by manufacturers, but the user usually provides the clevis. An improperly made clevis could decrease the working life of the chain. The strands must be finished to length by the maker. Check the ANSI standard or phone the maker.